



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY—Continued.

Morbidity and mortality table, cities of the United States, for week ended Apr. 20, 1912—Continued.

Cities.	Population, United States census 1910.	Total deaths from all causes.	Diphtheria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Smallpox.		Tuberculosis.		Typhoid fever.	
			Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
<i>Cities having less than 25,000 inhabitants.</i>														
Alameda, Cal.	23,833	5			15								1	...
Ann Arbor, Mich.	14,817	16			2								4	...
Beaver Falls, Pa.	12,191												2	1
Bennington, Vt.		4			3	1								
Braddock, Pa.	19,357	4	3	1										
Cambridge, Ohio.	11,327	2												
Carbondale, Pa.	17,040	5			21		2							
Clinton, Mass.	13,075	4												
Coffeyville, Kans.	12,687												1	
Columbus, Ga.	20,554	4												
Columbus, Ind.		0												
Concord, N. H.	21,497	5	1		11	1				5			1	...
Cumberland, Md.	21,839	6			48								1	1
Dunkirk, N. Y.		5											2	1
Galesburg, Ill.	20,089	6											1	1
Gloucester, Mass.	24,398	4											1	
Harrison, N. J.	14,498	3												
Homestead, Pa.	18,713	6			1								1	1
Kearny, N. J.	18,659	9			6		3		1				1	1
La Fayette, Ind.	20,081	5												
Logansport, Ind.	19,050	9					1		1				12	2
Marinette, Wis.	14,610													
Marlboro, Mass.	14,577	3	1	1	2									
Massillon, Ohio.		3												
Medford, Mass.	23,156	3			22		1						1	
Melrose, Mass.	15,715		1		16									
Moline, Ill.		10												
Montclair, N. J.	21,150	4			13		3						3	
Morristown, N. J.	12,507	3			4	2								
Nanticoke, Pa.	18,507	4	1										1	
Newburyport, Mass.	19,240	5					1						1	
North Adams, Mass.	22,012	5			4								1	1
Northampton, Mass.	19,431	6			7		1						1	
Plainfield, N. J.	20,550	6			36	2								
Pottstown, Pa.	15,599	5												
Rutland, Vt.	13,546	4			1									
Saratoga Springs, N. Y.		4											1	
South Bethlehem, Pa.	19,973	9			7								1	1
Steelton, Pa.	14,246	5			2				2				1	2
Warren, Pa.	11,080	4					1						3	
Wilkinsburg, Pa.	18,924	6					1						4	1
Woburn, Mass.	15,308	2			13									

STATISTICAL REPORTS OF MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, STATES OF THE UNITED STATES (Untabulated).

FLORIDA.—Week ended April 22, 1912. Reports from the State board of health show diphtheria present in 3 localities with 5 cases, malaria in 3 localities with 29 cases, smallpox in 5 counties with 34 cases, tuberculosis in 9 localities with 14 cases, typhoid fever in 4 localities with 7 cases.

IOWA.—Month of February, 1912. Population, 2,224,771. Total number of deaths from all causes 1,894, including diphtheria 11, measles 1, scarlet fever 5, tuberculosis 125, typhoid fever 18.

MARYLAND.—Month of March, 1912. Population, 1,295,346. Total number of deaths from all causes from infectious diseases

include diphtheria 15, measles 3, tuberculosis 89, typhoid fever 13. Cases reported: Diphtheria 41, measles 168, scarlet fever 59, typhoid fever 54. The typhoid fever cases were distributed as follows: Potomac River watershed 18, Patapsco River watershed 8 cases, Patuxent River watershed 3 cases, Herring Run watershed 2 cases.

NEW JERSEY.—Month ended April 10, 1912. Population, 2,537,167. Total number of deaths from all causes 3,344, including diphtheria 36, measles 37, scarlet fever 18, tuberculosis 429, typhoid fever 14.

NORTH DAKOTA.—Month of March, 1912. Population, 577,056. Total number of deaths from all causes 311, including scarlet fever 1, tuberculosis 1, typhoid fever 1. Cases reported: Diphtheria 13, measles 5, scarlet fever 25, smallpox 23, tuberculosis 9, typhoid fever 14.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Month of January, 1912. *Mortality*.—Total number of deaths, 10,345, including typhoid fever 128, scarlet fever 38, diphtheria 274, measles 73, whooping cough 63, smallpox 1, influenza 157, malaria 3, tuberculosis of the lungs 822, tuberculosis of other organs 111, cancer 452, diabetes 74, menigitis 43, acute anterior poliomyelitis 3, pneumonia 1,594, diarrhea and enteritis under 2 years 153, diarrhea and enteritis over 2 years 62, Bright's disease 654, early infancy 587, suicide 70, accidents in mines 106, railway injuries 134 other forms of violence 476, all other diseases 4,267.

Morbidity.—Month of February, 1912. Total number of cases of communicable diseases reported, 11,988, including anterior poliomyelitis 4, anthrax 1, cerebrospinal meningitis 14, chicken pox 1,530, diphtheria 1,139, erysipelas 192, German measles 39, malarial fever 6, measles 3,569, mumps 887, pneumonia 837, puerperal fever 2, scarlet fever 949, smallpox 35, tetanus 4, trachoma 1, tuberculosis 1,145 typhoid fever 575, whooping cough 1,069.